# "FAIR ELECTIONS" BILL.

THE MEASURE ADOPTED BY THE

PETERSBURG CONFERENCE.

Report of the Committee on Plan of Organization. The Conference Adjourns Sine Die.

PETERSBURG, VA., Aug. 2,-Special-

Brown Allen said it was not discuss a report while it was avoied the suggestion and the conference will 239 o'clock P. M.

size reconvened at 239 E. P. Buford said as me matters that he does not be to the chair. Colonel that some one clee to ir. Mr. J. N. Morton led to the chair.

An appeinted to formal appeinted to formal law, said his committeent.

PAUN OF ORGANIZATION

The full text of the bill, a latge portion of which is devoted to unimportant deall couched in redious legal verblage could recupe fifteen columns of space in the Times. Its title is "A bill to provide on the proper regularation of electors, and he proper conduct and return of all electors."

After prescribing at length the duties of the electoral board, and the judges of election, the bill says.

"The tickets shall be of the same paper, precisely of the same size, and printed in the same type a d black ink, and cach ticket shall bear as many separate parallel columns of the same width, not less than face and one-half inches wide, as there are political parties or organizations participating in the election, and costlike column for independents. Each column shall be headed in type known as Pica, with the names of each party—that is, for dinstration, one column shall be headed. Demodratic candidates, another Republican caldidates, and the last Independent candidates, and in these separate columns shall be printed in Long Primer type the several offices to be filled, and under each office the name of the party rotations in Fevrier type, and the order of printing the ticket as aforesaid shall be at scoutchy and precisely observed on each and all of the ticket printed intentions of The tickets shall be of the same

Detail instructions as to the printing of the ballots, after which the bill reads: Sec. 84. It shall be the duty of the electoral boards of the several cities or corporations and counties to provide at each of the voting places in their respective cities and counties one or more small compartments or booths large enough to contain and conceal from general observation a voter, and desk or other convenience for writing, and a pencil; that the said booth shall be so creeted that a person standing at the desk increin shall be practically excluded from the observation of the officers of the polling-place.

Sec. 8. During every election no one except the single elector proceeding to THE VOTING BOOTHS.

vote shall be allowed within twenty feet of the polling-place, and the electors proceeding to vote, one by one, in precisely the order in which they appear, shall be allowed to approach the poll, shall each obtain his ticket and retire to the booth, which he may occupy not exceeding two minutes for making out his ticket, and any elector, from any cause or reason, who may desire assistance in the preparation of his ballot, shall have the right to call to his assistance for such purpose either of the supervisors of the precinct he may choose.

er of the supervisors of the precinct may choose. ecton & Every elector shall, with or out assistance, as provided in the eding section of this act, prepare his of by making a cross-mark (X) in the heneath the name of the party of the wishes to yet, provided, if there by candilate on that particular tick-hat he does not desire to vote for, he is run a pencil through the name of candidate, and if, for the same office, lesires to vote for some other person, I write just above or below the name taked the full name of such person; after so preparing his ballot he shall the same in such manner as to put names of the candidates on the in-and let the official stamp show on outside, and promptly deliver the e to the member of the brard of the soft see that it is directly placed be box.

Section 88 says:

No hallot in any election other than an shelal ballot, except as provided in section is of this act, shall be canvassed, provided an elector may crase any name and write above or below the name crased he fall name of the person he desires to rote for; and no ballot shall be canvassed for any particular office where it appears that two candidates are voted for or such office, but such defect shall not avalidate the ballot otherwise.

MONEY IN ELECTIONS.

MONEY IN ELECTIONS.

General Field offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:
Whereas, the corrupt use of money to
influence our elections is widespread and
has become alarming, and tends to demoralize the people and degrade the public service; therefore,
Resolved, That we urge upon the people and the Legislature of the State the
concurrent and enforcement of all necesary laws against bribery and other
corrupt use of money in elections
On motion of Mr. S. Brown Allen, the
conference at 5:45 P. M. adjourned sine
lie.

some of those who were prisent.

Among the prominent men in attendance upon the conference were: Captain Edmud R. Cocke, of Cumberland county; J. H. Hobson, of Powhatan, Wilson McGavock, of Wythe; J. G. Buford, of Brunswick; General J. G. Frield, of Albernatic: Mr. DeJarnette, of Caroline; A. M. Dickinson, of Smythe; J. Hampton Hoge, of Roanoke; Gen, James A. Walker, of Wytheville: Major George W. Pale, of Franklin; J. E. Hennett, of Pittsylvania; D. E. Washington, of Rappahannock; F. B. Battle, of Prince George; J. F. Hadden, of Dinwiddle; Major R. V. Gaines, of Charlotte; James M. Wood, of Richmond; Spraley Ellis, of Waverly; Lewis Willis, of Waverly; Lewis Willis, of Waverly; Of Rockingham; Captain Willam Lakey, Judge Hemmei Wright, of York county; M. R. Jones, of Warwick county; Colonel H. DeB, Clay, of Newport News; J. T. Bennett, of Pittessylvania; Mr. Charles Gee, of Prince George county; R. Butler Mahone, and J. X. Morton, of Charlotte.

POPULIST PLATFORM CHANGED. Judge Starke Was Opposed to Coxeyism

Which Brought Forth a Coxey Speech. COLUMBUS, OHIO, Aug. 2.-The platorm reported by the resolutions commitform reported by the resolutions commu-tee was materially changed by the Popu-list State Convention this morning. As soon as the resolutions were read, Tom Fitzsimmons, of Cleveland, an admirer of Coxey, said the resolution endorsing Coxey's good-roads idea had been placed at the bottom of the list in order to be-little Coxey. He moved that it be put

the second place.

dre Stake, of Cleveland, said there
been too much Coxeyism in the conion already. This brought Coxey to
feet. The lawyers, he said, had
a running things in this country, to
exclusion of the masses, for some

declaring in favor of the election. State and national officers by divote of the people; favoring the hour system of State employment, two names were presented for the latton for Governor. ation for Governor. These were arke, of Cleveland, and J. S. Coxey, Canton. Covey was nomined, the estanding 53 for Covey to 74 for rke. The convention then adjourned, 2 P. M.

The ticket was filled out by the nomi-tion of John H. Crofton, of Cincin-it, for Licotenant-Governor; George Y. er, of Green county, for Treasurer;
Baker, of Newmarket, Attornoy-ral; E. D. Starke, of Cleveland, for me Judge, and W. A. Floyd, of Denfor member of the Board of Public

oras, George A. Groot, of Cleveland, was nanimously endorsed by the convention a candidate for the United States Sen-

# ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION,

Borchgrevimk Says There is a Vast Continent Near the South Pole. LONDON, Aug. 2.-The International

ographical Congress adopted the resolu-m of the vice-presidents, recommending prin as the place for the next meeting the Congress in 1896. he Congress in 1896.

In Norwegian explorer, Borchgrevimk, on Norwegian explorer, Borchgrevimk, cluded his account of the voyage in the made to the Antarctic regions, said he believed there existed in the eme South a great continent having area of about \$,000,000 miles, and conting many animals unknown to the distants of the southern hemisphere, enclusion, he said that the time was ripe for an expedition to the Antic regions.

w ripe for an expedition to the Anti-cite regions.
The congress passed a resolution that plorations of the Antarctic regions rund the greatest work still to be un-rtaken, and that, in view of the addi-an of knowledge to every branch of sci-ce which would result from such ex-oration, the congress desires the scien-ts societies of the world to urge in the cat effective manner that the work be dertaken before the close of the cen-ry.

# REBELS SCATTERED.

So the Governor of Mantanzas Reports-

Two Prisoners Captured. HAVANA, Aug. 2.-The Governor of Matanxas reports that the rebel band, comprising fifty men, dispersed in all directions after their recent encounter with the Government troops, leaving two prisoners in the hands of the Spanish.

A City Collector's Trouble.

A City Collector's Trouble.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Aug. 2.—Judge
Call, of the Circuit Court, this morning
granted the writ of habeas corpus petitioned for by R. S. Scott, ex-city Treasurer, who was arrested Wednesday on
a capias issued by the clerk of the Criminal Court, on information filed by the
county solicitor, charging Scott with embezglement.

the Allantic. No warship ever built crossed the ocean in the same time. These are the principal figures. Time from the Needles, Isle of Wight, to Sandy Hook light-ship, 6 days, 22 hours, and 49 minutes: course, 3.112 knots; average hourly speed, 18.55; best hourly run, 29.60; best four-hour run, 20.60; Marchault and the following day, 46 knots, and to noon of the following day, 46 knots, and to noon of each succeeding day, 46, 470, 45, 45, 48, and 46 to Sandy Hook light-ship at 3.42 A. M. to-day.

On July 20th at 2 A. M., a squally storm was threatened. The wind was southwest by west; heavy seas came over the hows, and for four hours the speed was reduced to eight knots per hour. In the evening of the same day, in latitude 40.8, longitude 48.36, the Columbia ran near an iceberg, which was about 159 yards long. 100 yards wide, and 46 feet high. The Columbia took in a pilot 460 miles east of Sandy Hook, only slowing up sufficiently for the purpose. She passed quarantine shortly before noon, reporting all well on board, and dropped anchor in the North river less than hour later.

all well on board, and aropour later.

Her four great funnels were covered with sait crystals where they were not black with smoke. Soot covered the upper structure, and her sides were smeared and streaked with rust; her decks were covered with coal dust and cinders, and altogether she looked as though an early scouring at the navy-yard would be the best thirg for her. Captain George W. Summer said to a reporter:

"I consider her run across very gurcessfut. We came under natural draft. It was a smooth run, though we had a little rough weather. We slowed down only once before headers. We met pome fog, but went through it at full speed with our eight boilers and three screws. The winds were varying, but westerly generally. We had on what we call lattles hatches throughout, making us generally water-tight forward. The vessel was somewhat down at the head when we started, despite the fact that we had our trimming tanks off filled. This is because of the natural trim when her bunkers are full. She is a good boat, though. The roil was only 19 degrees to starboard and 17 to port. She has roiled, however, from 35 to 81."

The coal consumption, the Captain said, varied from 200 to 230 tons a day, about one-half of that used by the Cunarder Lucania in her trips from Liverpool over a course of about 2,622 knots, which is the best average speed on a record trip of 21.90

The Columbia had the best coal obtainable at Southampton. It is that used by the American line, and comes from the Dowlais Merkhirr mines. While her bunkers and utilizing the wing passages, free-rooms, and even the decks, where forty tons were stored under the superstructure. Thus freighted with fuel, she drew twenty-six feet four inches aft, an unfortunate trim, but unavoidable.

THE FIRE-BOOM FORCE.

aft, an unfortunate trim, but unavousable.

THE FIRE-ROOM FORCE.

Her fire-room force was twelve short, and that rumber were taken from volunteers of the deck crew, making up the full complement of 196. In addition, forty-five men from the deck force and three petty officers were transferred to the engineer's department to assist in carrying coal. They worked night and day, and though fatigued, none gave out. The plan to speed the vessel under forced draught during the last twenty-four hours was abandoned as impracticable. While there were 300 tons of coal left when the vessel dropped anchor in the North river, which was left at the ends and could not be moved fast enough to sufficiently feed the fires for such a run. If it could have been done. Captain Sumner said it would have shortened the time of the voyage three hours and brought the Columbia's average up to about nineteen knots.

"The experience shows," said Captain Sumner, "the ability of the Columbia to make such an extraordinary run, and satisfactorily demonstrated what it was intended it should."

Chief Engineer W. H. Harris said: "There was not a hitch in the engines at any time of any character. They were not stopped from the time of leaving the Needles till we reached Quarantine.

The Hamburg Line steamer Augusta Victoria, from Hamburg and Southampton via Cherbourg, followed the Columbia in, arrived off the Hook at 19:30 A. M. The distance covered by the Augusta Victoria from Cherbourg was 3,551 knots, and her time of passage six days, Awenty hours, and twenty minutes. The average speed of the Hamburg steamer on this trip was 18.54 knots per hour.

The St. Louis, of the American Line, left Southampton the day after the Columbia, passing the Needles at 136 P. M., or twenty-three hours and forty minutes later. She is expected to atrive early in the morning.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Baltlacre sailed from Yokohama for Nagassa yesterday.

Acting Secretary McAdoo te-day sent the foollowing telegram to Captain Sum-

### A STRIKE AVERTED. Coal Operators Accept the Miners Scale in

mise has been effected and a strike of Western Pennsylvania coal miners avort-This morning's session of the Minera'

ed. This morning's session of the Minera' Convention was given up to a discussion of the preparations submitted by a committee reported to the coal operators at yesterday afternoon's session.

The proposition has been placed by the miners in the form of a resolution, which extends the time until October 1st, the wages in the interim to remain at sixty cents per ton, after that date sixty-four cents where there are company stores or a compon system in existence. This resolution was adopted by the convention, and the operators were so notified. This morning the executive committee of the operators met and ratified the resolution as adopted by the Minera' Convention.

The operators' proposition had named November 1st as the time for wage readjustment. Their acceptance of the minera' scale dated October 1st is a decided victory for the latter.

ENDOF THE INDIAN SCARE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 2.-The

WASHINOTON, D. C., August 2.—The
Bannock Indian scare seems to have
endel, and the Indians are returning to
their reservation. They have not been
in fighting, and have no desire to fight. The
following telegram was received at the
War Department this morning from General Coppinger, through his headquarters
at Omaha:
"Reports received from Market Lake
this morning, which indicate that the
Indians are returning from Jackson's
Hole by a straight line to the reservation.
To test the correctness of the report, the
Union Pacific railway office was asked to
telegraph for information to stations
along the Oregon Short Line from Scda
Springs westward. The following report
is from the division superintendent at
Peccatelloko:
"The stage driver who has just reached
Soda Springs says after he left Carrabo
this morning he came through Paris Lake

HUR APPEARANCE.

salled from Tokonama 10. Acadese terday.

Acting Secretary McAdoo te-day sent the following telestram to Captain Summer, of the cruiser Columbia: "The Navy Department extends to you, the officers, and men of the Columbia its congratuations and thanks upon the result of the run from the Needles to the Sandy Hook Lightship, thus making an imexpected record for a new ship."

# Pennsylvania.

FITTSEURG, PA., Aug. 2 .- A compro-

# The Bannocks Say They Do Not Want to

Fight-Hurrying to Their Reservations.

ments to put them in possession of their office.

The police squabble is increased this morning by the Attorney-General and the Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings. Both are Republicans. The new men are all very well-known citizens, and are among the most prominent and reputable men of the city.

W. J. Broatch, the Republican member, was mayor for two terms, and was a very repular official. He is a manufacturer and dealer in from General Paul Vandervert, the Populist, is commandering-chief of the National Industrial Leadon and of the Populist Club, and A. C. Poster, the Democratic member, is the manager of the Swift Packing Company, and stands very high in business circles. The new law does not compel the board to give more than one member of the committee to the Democratic member, is and this act is regarded as very graceful by people in general. The city is very quiet, and there is no disturbance, but a good deal of ridicule of the mayor, and steps will be taken to oust the old board, it is believed.

WENT OFF IN A CANOE.

### WENT OFF IN A CANOE.

Uneasiness Felt for Two Young Men-Other News.

cisl.—This morning, in the Police Court, Albert Jackson, who was arrested on a charge of attempting to steat a box of shoes from the Chesapeake and Ohio rail-way last night, was sent on to the grand

She Can Remarry, Corbett Cannot, But if She Does She Loses \$5,20 a Year. NEW YORK, Aug. 2.-Judge Gilder es to-day, granting Mrs. Ollie Cor ett an absolute divorce from her hus and, Pugilist James J. Corbett. The ecree was signed upon the commendaband, Puglist James J. Corbett. The decree was signed upon the recommenda-tion of Referee Jacobs, who heard the tes-timony, and who reported that the evi-dence showed that Corbett had been guilty of improper conduct with a wo-nen name of Vera Stanwood. The decree provides that Corbett shall pay his wife \$5.299 a year altmony, in case Mrs. Curbett remarries she will for-felt the alimony. She is authorized to re-some her maden mane of Olie Lake, and can remarry. Corbett cannot remarry

# AGAINST SUNDAY RACING.

Cyclists Permanently Suspended for Tak-

ing Part in Sabbath Races, PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—The Racing Board Bulletin says: Chairman Gideon

# Round Dances Prohibited.

Round baness Prohibited.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—An order was promulgated at the recent retreat of the priests of this diocese, at Leretto, which is in substance that the parish priests of the Pittsburg Diocese of the Roman Catholic Church must not permit found dancing hereafter at functions of the Church or of its people, under the penalty of suspension for the offending priests.

The episcopal order and its consequences to the priests if not rigidly enforced has been communicated to some of the congregations, and has created consternation among the young folks of those perishes. The Right Rev. Bishop Prelan said that the order would be strictly enforced hereafter.

# More Tailors Returning to Work.

More failurs ficturing to work.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The backbone of the tailurs' strike is broken. The majority of the contractors in this city have already signed the new agreement proposed by the strikers, and about seven thousand strikers in this vicinity are thus enabled to resume verk. Meyer Schoenfield stated this morning that the strike had practically been decided in their favor, and could at most last but a few days more.

Obstructions in the Chesnpeake Bay. Washington, Aug. 2.—The hydro-graphic office of the Navy Department gives varning that logs from a raft lost from a tow of the tus Asker J. Hudson, off Thimble Shoals, at the entrance to Hampton Roads, form dangerous obstruc-tions to navigation in the vicinity of Cape Charles and the lower part of Chesa-peake bay. Convicted of Marder,

CARROLLTON, MO. Aug. 2.—At 220 o'clock to-day the case of the Taylor brothers, charged with murder in the first degree for the killing of the Meeks family, brought in a verdict of guilty. Panama Strike Ended. COLON, Aug. 2.—The Panama railroad Wednesday handled 1.300 tons of transit freight. The strike is ended, and the strikers are receiving their usual wages.

COLUMBIA'S FAST TIME.

AN APERAGE HOURLY SPEED OF 18.53 KNOTS AN HOUR.

Infortunate Circumstances She Would 14 was presented that the Inflants was received from General Coppinger, configured to the Minnepolis the fastest warship of her class affoat, arrived here to day from her race against time across the Minney of the Configured and the settlers are returning there was no desired, and the settlers and that the Inflants was received from General Coppinger, configured to the Minnepolis the fastest warship of her class affoat, arrived here to day from her race against time across the Atlantic. No warship ever built crossed the ocean in the same time. There are the principal figures:

Time from the Nessies, late of Wight, to

AN APERAGE HOURLY SPEED OF 18.53 KNOTS AN HOUR.

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AN APERAGE HOURLY SPEED OF 18.55 KNOTS AN HOUR AND HOUR

MERRY WAR ON IN ONAILA.

A Majority of the Police Board Refuse to Give Up Their Offices.

COMAHA, NEB, Aug. L.—The new Police Board law was to have gone into effect to-day, but it was forcibly resisted by a majority of the Board, whose terms, under its provisions, expired at midnight Wednesday. They are supported by Governor Holcomb and the Mayor, the former of whom refused to act with the designated officials in naming a new Board. It is the old A. P. Afigit, in another forms.

The majority of the Board ordered the doors in the City Hail barricaded, and doubled the police guard. Autorney-General Churchili and Commissioner Russell called on the Governor of morning, as a result of which the woman was all for a meeting of the Appointive Board at 10 clock to-porton morning.

At noon the Mayor gene and the work with the first magnitude of the City Wall.

If the Governor does not meet Churchill and Russell to-morrow, they will select the three new Commissioners, and will morning to the three new Commissioners, and will morning by the Attorney-General cancelling to the new Law, but he refused, and they made a formal doubled the police guard. Autorney-General Churchili and Russell to-morrow, they will select the three new Commissioners, and will be selected the three new Commissioners, and will be selected the police and the p

SAVANNAH AND WESTERN,

A Circular Explaining the Conditions of the Bonds. NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The following circular has been issued by the Borg committee of Savannah and Western condbolders, explaining the conditions

of the bonds under the Georgia Central dan;
All the underlying liens on the Savan-mah and Western property are discharged by Messrs. Samuel Thomas and Thomas F. Ryan as intending purchasers of the Georgia Central. All claims of the Geor-sia Central against the Savannah and Western are paid by Messrs. Thomas and Ryan, as also the cost of receivership and foreclosure of the mortgages on the property.

to Savaranah and Western bondholders shall be sold for the account of the respective owners by the syndrate marketing the main issue of such securities. The pro-rata results of the peration will be distributed by the committee of Savannah and Western bondholders.

Rondholders, bewever, have the right to cash their consolidated bonds at Special to the state of the peration of the security of the states of the bonds and secured interest after September 1st. Any bondh ider wishing to do this must give notice within fifteen days after August 26th, the date of the bonds have been or will be underwritten, and will be offered to the public in the usual way at a price above S. Bondholders who have deposited with the committee who have deposited with the committee and failed to notify the committee of the desire to cash their new consolidated bonds will be deemed to have chosen to become members of the syndicate which will market the bonds.

From this agreement it does not seem that Savannah and Western bondholders who have deposited with the Borg committee can elect to receive their new consolidated bonds.

HEAT'Y GOLD WITHDRAWALS.

for Over \$2,000,000. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 2,-Treasary officials were surprised this afternoon when informed that a demand had been made upon the sub-Treasury at New York for a considerable sum of gold for export. The amount exceeds £,000,-c00, and opens up a gap which the Bel-mont-Morgan syndicate may feel called

mont-Morgan syndicate may feel called upon to fill.

This withdrawal does not appear in the statement issued to-day, as the Treasury has not been officially advised of the transaction. According to the official, figures, issued at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the reserve stands at \$10,169,207. A loss since yesterday of \$1,350,000. Acting Secretary Curtis says the withdrawal indicates nothing more than a desire on the part of the American importers to pay their debts as they fall due, the export of the gold at this season being occaof the gold at this season being occa-sioned by the liquidation of foreign ac-

counts.

The shipping of gold to the Montreal Bank is not, says the Secretary, an unusual occurrence. That bank has large credits in New York, and this call for gold is, he thinks, on account of a demand for nettlement. Assistant Secretary Curtis scouts at the idea of any attempted run on the Treasury gold.

DOESN'T USE MUCH COAL.

The Monterey Makes From 20 to 23 Miles an Hour on a Small Allowance.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.-Information received at the navy-yard show the coast received at the navy-yard show the coast defence ship Monterey to be somewhat remarkable with respect of economical use of fuel. In her recent voyage from Callao up the Pacific coast she was limited to the use of 22 tons of soft coal a day, and managed on this small allowance to run at the rate of from twenty to twenty-two miles in each hour.

A WOMAN STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

BOSTON, Aug. 2 .- Out of about 300 commanderies expected to be represented at the triennial conclave of Knights Temat the triennial conclave of Knights Templar in this city this month, about a third have so far repided to the communications of the hotel committee. The preparations for accommodating the host that is expected have been so thorough that no fear is felt about there not being accommodation enough. Arrangements are being made for decorating public and private buildings. The workmen in the public garden have already begun planting the bed designs for the coming convention. There will be about twenty of them in all, six of which will be entirely new.

One of the conspicuous features of the conclave will be the advent of the General Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star, which holds its triennial session in Union Hall. The order is composed of women. Although its members are not Free and Accepted Masons, the General Grand Chapter is accepted by the Masonic fraternity as a helpmeet.

THE CARPET WEAVER'S STRIKE.

The Struggle Will Prebably Be Protracted—The Strikers Very Sanguine.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Aug. 2.—The status of the ingrain-carpet weavers' strike is unchanged, and it is evident that the struggle between the strikers and the proprietors of the forty mills who refuse to sign the 71-2 per cent. advance scale of wages will be protracted.

The employes of Judd Brothers to-day held a meeting and decided to reject the firm's compromise offer, which was to pay them 10 per cent. on September 1st, provided the employes would return to work now at the old rate. The strikers' primary reason for rejecting the offer was that it would be untair to the twenty-one manufacturers who have already signed the advance scale demanded.

The strikers say the manufacturers cannot afford to lose orders, and that for this reason they (the strikers) will eventually win.

THOUSANDS OF WHALES, A Steamship Passes a School of Them Extending as Far as the Eye Could Reach.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Third Officer M. H. Gibson, of the British steamer Lan-M. H. Gibson, of the British steamer Laneastrian, Captain G. W. Muir, reports to
the Naval Hydrographic office that at 10
A. M., July 6th, while in latitude 44 degrees north, longitude 48 degrees 48 minutes west, the Lancastrian passed through
a very large number of whales, extending
as far as the eye could reach north and
south, and eight miles east and west,
Mr. Gibson says there must have been
many thousands of them, and that this
was the fourth time the Lancastrian had
passed the school.

Four Tramps Killed. CANTON, OHIO, Aug. 2—A freight on the Fitshurg, Foft Wayne and Unicago railroad broke in two on a huavy grade, near Starke's siding early this morning. The real end crashed into the Brst sec-tion, and three cars were wrecked. A dozen tramps were riding in a familiar car, which was smashed to spiinters. When the trainmen came up they were horrified to see the arms and leads of hu-man beings sticking from all parts of the,

A Human Belt. POTTSVILLE, Aug. L-James Farrel

POTTSVILLE, Aug. L.—James Farrell, aged thirteen years, met with a frightful accident at Losch & Moore's colliery, near Lorberry Junction, shortly before quitting time last evening. The unfortunate boy was employed as a slate-picker, and was accidentally caught in a beiting surrounning a large pulley wheel, and carried around it.

The shoes were tern from his feet, and he fell a distance of thirteen feet to a platform below. One leg was broken above and below the knee, and the kneecap knocked out of place. His body and the side of his head were bruised from the result of his fall. He was removed to the hospital at this place.

Laborers Lenve for South America.

Laborers Leave for South America. JACKSONVELLE, FLA. Aug. 2.—Another party of fifty laborers will leave to-morrow at \$39 for Mobile, where they will take a ship from Guaremaia, to work on a new railroad being built from the must to the frontier country in the in

erior.
A telegram from B. H. Hopkins, trav morning for New Orleans, left that por morning for New Orleans, left that port on the steamship Stillwater at neon on Thursday, for Puerto Barios, Guatemala. The company building the railroad pre-fers to have laboring men from Florida, as they are more accustomed to a warm climate than those from other States. The company contracts with the men to give them free passage, and \$2.5 per day.

Hartford Times in New Offices, Hartford Times in New Offices,

HARTFORD, Aug. 1.—The Hartford Times, the leading Democratic paper of this State, which was established as a daily by the Hon. Alfred E. Burr in 1841, moved to-day into its new offices, in one of the best locations in the city. The Times was started as a weekly on January I, 1817, and in 1839 was purchased by the Hon. Alfred E. Burr, who then left the composing-room of the Courant. Mr. Burr is still living, over eighty years of age, and yet takes an active interest in the paper. The Times has made eight removals in its history of seventy-eight years, but has remained within a block of the original location.

Child Played With a Revolver.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 2.—A small son of John Wesley Ford, of Hermantown, near Egg Harbor City, was playing with a loaded revolver during his parent's absence this afternoon, when the revolver was suddenly discharged and the bail struck the boy's fourteen-year-old sitter in the neck. Dr. Boyesen was summoned, but dared not probe for the builet, owing to the weak condition of the girl, who had lost a great deal of blood. The wound is most fikely to prove fatal.

Brooklyn Trolley's Fight for Speed.

She Was Alone and Far From Home, and Lay Unconscious all Night.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 1.—While walking from Neshanie to her cabin home, six miles distant, during a heavy thunder-storm on Tuesday night, Mammy Jackson, an aged negress, was struck by lightning and stunned. The same boit processing the returnable within twenty days:

It will be remembered that Juror Goulding was taken very sick while sit-

Goulding was taken very sick while sitting on the Abernathy case, and had to be taken from the hotel to the courtroom on a stretcher to render a verdict.

The Jury was composed of eight white and four colored men. Mr. Goulding stated that the prisoner was undoubtedly guilty, and his mind was fully convinced of this fact before he left the Jury-box, but in order to ascertam the views of the other jurors, he jokingly remarked that he did not think her guilty, and at once one of the juros spoke up, saying sine was evidently guilty. The verdict would have been reached in less than five minutes, but for one of the colord men, Junius Banley, who wavered in his decision. This caused a disagreement of the jury. They were held over until the next morning, at which time Banley said he was convinced of her guilt.

Mr. Gouiding said that when he was carried into the court-room on a stretcher, Judge Orgain asked him if he was conscious of what he was doing. He replied that he certainly was.

I asked how much credence the jury had given to Marable's statement.

ing interrupted by his wife, did not finish what he intended telling.

DENER BRING AT MR. POLLARD'S.

Mr. Goulding stated that Mary Abernathy had previously denied knowing anything about Mr. Clements being with Mr. Pollard that evening.

Among other facts, he stated that on Mary Alternathy's retain to her horne on the evening of the merder her little child remarked, "Mamma, you look like you have been highling." When arrested the following Tuesday she wished to know of Mr. Goulding stated that these facts had be hushed up if the money was returned.

Mr. Goulding stated that these facts had a very strong influence on the jury.

I informed Mr. Goulding that two of these facts had been brought forward a number of times before, and as there were a great many others connected with it, I wished to know what other evidence he could bring to light. He replied that he could not remember anything else.

I read him Mr. Pollard's statement in The Times, and also showed him the plat, and asked him if he thought a white man was connected with this murder, and if he had seen any reas in for changing his first opinion. He said his opinion, was not changed, and he refuculed the idea of a white man having been implicated, and he still believes Mary Abernathy to be the instigator and ringleader in the horrible murder.

Mr. Goulding said he had served on a great many juries, but never before had he been so closely watched and ginarded, and during the entire time the jury was in change of two deputy sheriffs. Therefore, the charge that the jury was allowed to go at random was a falsehood. He thought that Judge Orgain and Commonwealth's Attorney Neblett did all in their power to give the prisoner a fair and impartial trief and the full benefit of every possible doubt.

In regard to the aliesed winking of Mr. Pettus, and that a more whole-souled, publicander whatever attached to this report. In cenversation he had often seen him winking or nodding his head, and that rome time previous to the trial he saw him in consecution in the cou

versation he had often seen him winking or nodding his head, and that some time previous to the trial he saw him in con-versation with another man on the court-green, and he (Goulding) remarked that Pettus reminded him of a didapper.

PROFFSION RUSIAN'S VIEWS.

Pettus reminded him of a didapper.

PROFISSON RUSIAN'S VIEWS.

While at Nutbush I met with Professor Kuslau, of Hollins Institute, who has been a citizen of Lunenburg county for the past ten years.

Professor Kuslan expressed himself very freely in regard to the way the people of Lunenburg county have been treated by the military and citizens of Richmond, and if it was a prejudged determination of the press to accept mere opinions, not based upon facts, and to vilify and accuse the people of Lunenburg county of not being law-abiding citizens, he considered it an outrade.

It is a fact that, ten years ago, for eighteen months there was not a prisoner in the county jail; that Lunecburg was the first county in the State to go dry.

He also stated that he was one of the first to ask for the aid of the military, informing the sheriff that he wished to see justice done to the State of Virginia; that he (Cardoza), as sheriff, was a protector of every citizen of the county; and the fact that the citizens asked for the military proved them to be loyal and law-abiding people; that in Lunenburg county there had never yet occurred a lynching.

He warned the Court of Appeals, unless new developments occurred, to go slowly in granting a new trial. If they were hasty, and a new trial was granted, the very basis on which our laws were formed would be broken, and the future of Lonenburg county would evidentia be dark and uncertain.

RETURNED FROM LUNENBURG.

Capt. Wise and Judge Flournoy Make a Full Investigation of the Pollard Case. Captain George D. Wise and Judge Flournoy returned to the city yesterday from Lunenburg, where they went to investigate the circumstances of the Potlard murder, with a view of obtaining a new trial for the negro women under sentence of death for this crime, if there was a reasonable doubt as to their guilt.

They were given every opportunity by Judge Orgain and the officers of the court to secure information of the trial and copies of the record in the case. They also visited the scene of the murder, and looked over the ground for themselves.

These gentlemen declined last evening to make any statement in regard to the results of their trip, but as soon as they can properly consider the circumstances of the case and weigh the information they have secured, they will probably make a public statement. Flournoy returned to the city yesterday

A Big Berlin Bank Failure. A Big Berlin Bank Failure.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Standard announces the failure of Messrs. Fratelli & Bingen, conducting one of the largest and oldest banks in the country. The firm became involved in heavy bear operatiors in Italian centes to such an extent that they were unable to meet their liabilities, and consequently were compelled to clese their doors.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 2.—For Virginia: Fair: threatening in the afterneon, but probably without rains; slightly warmer; southeasterly winds.

For North Caroliva: Fair, followed by the were on the coast; slightly warmer by the interior; easterly winds. RANGE OF THERMOMETER.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Following was the range of the ther mometer at The Times office yestersay 0 A. M., 75, 12 M., 77; 3 P. M., 79; 6 P. M., 73; midnight, 78, Average, 75 5-6.